This article was downloaded by: [University of Haifa Library]

On: 20 August 2012, At: 10:54 Publisher: Taylor & Francis

Informa Ltd Registered in England and Wales Registered Number: 1072954 Registered office: Mortimer House, 37-41 Mortimer Street, London W1T 3JH,

UK



## Molecular Crystals and Liquid Crystals Science and Technology. Section A. Molecular Crystals and Liquid Crystals

Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription information: <a href="http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/gmcl19">http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/gmcl19</a>

## Guest Editor's Foreword

S. Flandrois <sup>a</sup> , A. Tressaud <sup>a</sup> & C. Delmas <sup>a</sup> <sup>a</sup> Centre de Recherche Paul Pascal and Institut de Chimie de la Matière, Condensee de Bordeaux, France

Version of record first published: 04 Oct 2006

To cite this article: S. Flandrois, A. Tressaud & C. Delmas (1998): Guest Editor's Foreword, Molecular Crystals and Liquid Crystals Science and Technology. Section A. Molecular Crystals and Liquid Crystals, 311:1, ix-ix

To link to this article: <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/10587259808042358">http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/10587259808042358</a>

## PLEASE SCROLL DOWN FOR ARTICLE

Full terms and conditions of use: <a href="http://www.tandfonline.com/page/terms-and-conditions">http://www.tandfonline.com/page/terms-and-conditions</a>

This article may be used for research, teaching, and private study purposes. Any substantial or systematic reproduction, redistribution, reselling, loan, sub-licensing, systematic supply, or distribution in any form to anyone is expressly forbidden.

The publisher does not give any warranty express or implied or make any representation that the contents will be complete or accurate or up to date. The accuracy of any instructions, formulae, and drug doses should be

independently verified with primary sources. The publisher shall not be liable for any loss, actions, claims, proceedings, demand, or costs or damages whatsoever or howsoever caused arising directly or indirectly in connection with or arising out of the use of this material.

## **GUEST EDITOR'S FOREWORD**

This issue provides a record of the 9<sup>th</sup> International Symposium on Intercalation Compounds (ISIC 9), which took place 25–29 May 1997 in Abcachon, France. As was true for previous ISIC meetings, the aim of ISIC 9 was to provide an international forum for the exchange of information and ideas on intercalation in materials such as graphite, chalcogenides, oxides, clays, fullerenes, etc. The large number of participants (240 persons from 22 countries) proved that the field is still active and vivid. More than 200 papers (oral and poster contributions) were presented at ISIC 9. Compared to previous ISIC meetings, one can notice the increasing number of papers devoted to oxides and electrode materials, especially for lithium batteries.

This issue contains 128 refereed papers. The contributions deal with a variety of topics, such as the synthesis and physical chemistry of graphite intercalation compounds, new forms of carbon (fullerenes, nanotubes, carbolites), intercalation chemistry and physics in oxides, chalcogenides and clays, application to batteries.

We are thankful to the participants and session chairmen for making the meeting stimulating. The competence of the referees who reviewed all the manuscripts is also much appreciated. The success of the symposium was due in large part to the excellent work by people from our teams at CRPP and ICMCB. Financial support from CNRS, CNES, Conseil Régional d'Aquitaine, DRET, GFEC, SAFT, AAR, Pôle Aquitain «Véhicule Électrique», SIEMENS, and Université Bordeaux I is gratefully acknowledged.

S. Flandrois
A. Tressaud
C. Delmas
Centre de Recherche Paul Pascal and
Institut de Chimie de la
Matière Condensée de Bordeaux, France